#### CLIENT & CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Sale & Purchase Agreement Details

Client / Vendor:24KGLD Limited

Customer / Purchaser:

Property Address: 67c Royal Crescent, St Kilda

Licensee: Shane Robinson and Julie Robinson

#### **Licensee Declaration**

As licensee in relation to the above property sale ("the transaction"), I confirm pursuant to Section 136 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, that neither I nor any person related to myself as licensee will benefit financially from the transaction. ≿?.....

Signed by the Licensee or authorised person

Date ...... / ...... / ......

#### Client/Customer Acknowledgements

	Client & Customer, prior to signing the agreement for sale and purchase		
relating to the property, acknowledge that the Agent:		Customer	Client
		(Purchaser)	(Vendor)
1.	recommends that we seek legal advice and that a reasonable		
	opportunity to obtain legal advice has been allowed by the Agent;	×	×
2.	recommends that we may need to, seek technical or other		
	advice and information and that a reasonable opportunity to obtain this		
	advice/information was provided;	×	×
3.	has provided us with a copy of the approved guide (attached) relating to		
	sale and purchase agreements published by the Real Estate Authority.	×	×
4.	has made us aware of the Agent's in-house complaints and dispute		
	resolution procedures (attached) and that a copy of this has been made available to us;	×	×
5.	has made us aware that we may access the Real Estate Authority's complaints		
	process without first using the Agent's in-house procedures and that any use of		
	the in-house procedures does not preclude the making of a complaint to		
	the Real Estate Authority;	×	×
6.	For Overseas Investment Act consent purposes is the Customer (Purchaser):		
	<ul> <li>a New Zealand, Australian or Singaporean citizen or</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>a NZ residency visa holder; or</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>an Australian or Singaporean permanent resident who has lived in NZ for</li> </ul>	Yes   No	if 'No', OIA
	at least 183 days in the last 12 months and is a NZ tax resident?		consent required
	Additional Acknowledgements		
	The property is in the South Dunedin Flood Zone. Further information can be obtained from t	he Dunedin City Co	ouncil.

×..... ×.....

★ Signed by the Customer/Purchaser ★ Signed by the Client/Vendor

Date ...... / ...... / ......



#### COMPLAINTS & DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE

Pursuant to Rule 12 of the Real Estate Agents Act (Professional Conduct and Client Care Rules) 2012, all licensed Real Estate Agents are required to have a written in-house complaints and dispute resolution procedure. That procedure is set out below.

You do not have to use our complaints and resolution procedure. You may make a complaint directly to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time. You can make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority even if you choose to also use our procedures.

Our complaints and dispute resolution procedures are designed to provide a simple and personalized process for resolving any complaint you might have about the service you have received from our agency.

Step 1: Call or email the Manager:

Stephen Johnston Office: 03 474 0526 Email: <u>stephen.johnston@oatps.nz</u>

Tell the Manager who you are complaining about and what your concerns are. Let the Manager know what you would like done about your complaint.

 Step 2: The Manager may ask you to put your complaint in writing so that he or she can investigate it. The Manager will need a brief period of time to talk to the team members involved. We promise to come back to you within 10 working days with a response to your complaint. That response may be in writing. As part of that response we might ask you to meet with members of our team to discuss the complaint and try and agree a resolution.

Step 3: If we are unable to come to an agreed resolution after a meeting, or if you don't wish to meet with us, then we will provide you with a written proposal to resolve your complaint.

Step 4: If you do not accept our proposal please try and advise us in writing within 5 working days. You can, of course, suggest another way of resolving your complaint.

Step 5: If we accept your preferred resolution we will attempt to implement that resolution as soon as possible. If we decline your preferred resolution we may invite you to mediate the dispute.

Step 6:If we agree to mediate the complaint but don't settle the complaint at mediation, or we do not agree to mediate the<br/>then that will be the end of our process.dispute

#### Remember

You can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority in the first instance and even if you use these procedures you can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time.

The Real Estate Authority C/- P O Box 25-371, Wellington 6146, New Zealand Phone 0800 367 7322





## This guide tells you...

what a sale and purchase agreement is

what's in a sale and purchase agreement

what happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement

what happens if you have a problem

where to go for more information

## Where to go for more information

This guide is available in other languages. You can find translated copies of this guide on rea.govt.nz and settledgovt.nz. The New Zealand Residential Property Agency Agreement Cuide is also available on settled.govt.nz. The guide tells you more about the agreement you sign with the agency helping to sell your property.

#### We welcome any feedback you have on this publication.

The information in this guide was accurate when published. However, the requirements this information is based on can change at any time. Up-to-date information is available at reagork.nz.

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide







 You need to read and understand the sale and party involved in buying or selling a property. binding contract between you and the other A sale and purchase agreement is a legally You must sign a written sale and purchase agreement to buy or sell a property.

 Even if a standard sale and purchase agreement purchase agreement before you sign it.

is being used, you should always get legal advice before you sign the agreement and throughout the buying and selling process.

conditions in a sale and purchase agreement. You can negotiate some of the terms and

advice on what the sale and purchase agreement Your lawyer plays an important role in providing what to do if there are special circumstances. You can include additional clauses, such as should say

unconditional once all the conditions are met. In most cases, the real estate professional is A sale and purchase agreement becomes

 If your real estate professional or anyone related to them wants to buy your property, they must working for the seller of the property, but they get your written consent to do this. They must must treat the buyer fairly

also give you a valuation of your property by an available in English. You may need assistance The sale and purchase agreement is only independent registered valuer.

interpreting it if English is not your primary language.

# What a sale and purchase agreement is

A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved being sold with the property, whether the buyer in buying or selling a property. It sets out all the includes things such as the price, any chattels details, terms and conditions of the sale. This

A sale and purchase agreement provides certainty needs to sell another property first or needs a property inspection and the settlement date

to both the buyer and the seller about what will happen when.

# What's in a sale and purchase agreement

Your sale and purchase agreement should include he following things.

### Basic details of the sale

might mean the sale and purchase agreement Different sale methods like tender or auction can look different, but all sale and purchase agreements should contain:

 the names of the people buying and selling the property

the address of the property

• the type of title, for example, freehold or leasehold

• the price

any deposit the buyer must pay

 any chattels being sold with the property, for example, whiteware or curtains

 any specific conditions you or the other party want fulfilled

 how many working days you have to fulfil your the settlement date (the date the buyer pays conditions (if there are any conditions)

overdue payments (such as being late on paying the rest of the amount for the property, which the rate of interest the buyer must pay on any the deposit or the remaining amount at the is usually also the day they can move in)

settlement date).

### General obligations and conditions you have to comply with

The sale and purchase agreement includes general obligations and conditions that you will need to comply with. For example, these may include:

- access rights what access the buyer can have to inspect the property before settlement day
  - insurance to make sure the property remains what will happen if any damage occurs before insured until the settlement date and outline
- compensate the seller if they don't settle on time default by the buyer – the buyer may have to settlement day
  - default by the seller the seller may have to for example, with interest payments
- compensate the buyer if they don't settle on time, for example, by paying accommodation costs
  - people who have migrated to New Zealand may or may need to get consent from the Overseas not be permitted to immediately buy property eligibility to buy property in New Zealand – Investment Office.

'our lawyer will explain these clauses to you.



## New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

THE PROPERTY SPECIALISTS

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

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agreement, whether you're the buyer or the

Before you sign a sale and purchase

Remember...

seller, the real estate professional must give

ask you to confirm in writing that you've

received it.

conditions the buyer and seller might need

limited information about the property. It pays to allow for this when deciding what

mortgagee sale or deceased estate, can

mean the real estate professional has

agreement with a lawyer before signing.

Always check your sale and purchase

Check..

Buying or selling a property where the

owner isn't able to participate, like a

you a copy of this guide. They must also

be fulfilled. Some buyers will include one or more which means there are no specific conditions to Some buyers will present an unconditional offer, conditions (that must be fulfilled by a specified date) in their offer such as:

and to see if there are any other interests over the to check who the legal owner of the property is title search – this is done by the buyer's lawyer finance – this refers to the buyer arranging property such as caveats or easements

payment, often requiring bank approval for a mortgage or loan

- to obtain a valuation of the property (an estimate valuation report – a bank may require the buyer of the property's worth on the current market) before they agree to a loan
- Land Information Memorandum (LIM) provided inspection provides an independent overview of the condition of the property rather than relying information about the property such as rates, on an inspection that has been arranged by property inspection – a buyer paying for an planning and other important information building permits and consents, drainage by the local council, this report provides the seller

 sale of another home – the buyer may need to sell above but more focused on the entire section engineer's or surveyor's report – similar to the their own home in order to buy another and the structure of the property

discover hidden defects, they can't withhold estate professional works for the seller, they The real estate professional helps the buyer information and must tell the buyer about any known defects with the property. If a buyer needs time to check a property for also have to deal fairly and honestly with the buyer. While they're not expected to defects, including a property inspection and the seller to include the conditions they each want. Even though the real condition may be important.

## the sale and purchase agreement What happens after you sign

Signing the sale and purchase agreement is not the end of the sale or purchase process.

#### conditions until the agreement is Both parties work through the unconditional

purchase agreement has one or more conditions that must be met by a specified date and before A conditional agreement means the sale and the sale goes through.

trust account for 10 working days before it can be The buyer pays the deposit. Depending on what unconditional. If the deposit is made to the real estate agency, it must be held in their agency's buyer may pay the deposit when they sign the agreement or when the agreement becomes the sale and purchase agreement says, the released to the seller.

### An agreement for sale and purchase commits you to buy or sell

been met, you must complete the sale or purchase agreement and any conditions set out in it have Once you've signed the sale and purchase of the property.

periods can be lengthy if the property hasn't been The length of time between the conditions being another property. The real estate professional has met and the settlement date varies. Settlement includes conditions for one party to buy or sell obligations to keep you informed of important built yet or the sale and purchase agreement updates that come up during this time.

## Pre-settlement inspection

they were when the sale and purchase agreement was signed and to check that the seller has met any conditions, for example, there is no damage property and chattels are in the same condition to walls or chattels haven't been removed from This is the chance for the buyer to check the the property.

It's important to raise any concerns you find at the allow enough time for an issue to be resolved. If it's the real estate professional as soon as possible to less than 24 hours before settlement, the vendor pre-settlement inspection with your lawyer and may not be obligated to set things right.

## Payment of a commission

estate professional for their services. The real estate cannot ask the buyer to pay for their services if they deposit they're holding in their trust account. The cover the commission. The real estate professional seller should make sure the deposit is enough to Once the sale is complete, the seller pays the real agency usually takes the commission from the have been engaged by the seller.

### The buyer pays the rest

The buyer pays the remainder of the amount for the property on the day of settlement, usually through their lawyer.

## Buying a tenanted property

sale and purchase should specify this. It may also contain a specific date for possession that may If the property is tenanted, the agreement for differ from the settlement date.

give the tenant notice to vacate in accordance with vacant possession', it is the seller's responsibility to If the buyer requires the property to be sold with the tenant's legal rights. It is recommended that you seek legal advice if you are buying a property that is currently tenanted.



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## What happens if you have a problem

their manager. All agencies must have in-house If something has gone wrong, first discuss your concern with the real estate professional or procedures for resolving complaints.

Licensed Agent REAA 2008, The Property Specialists Ltd

agency or you don't feel comfortable discussing If you can't resolve the issue with the real estate the real estate professional or agency to resolve professional. For example, we can help you and ways if your complaint is about the real estate it with them, you can contact the Real Estate Authority (REA). We can help in a number of

under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. When you contact us, we'll work with you to help you decide the issue and remind them of their obligations the best thing to do.

Call us on 0800 367 7322, email us at info@rea.govt.nz or visit us online at rea.govt.nz

## About settled.govt.nz

x Initial:

### settled.

# Settled.govt.nz guides you through home buying and selling.

Buying or selling your home is one of the biggest and sometimes stressful process with potentially financial decisions you will make. It's a complex significant emotional and financial impacts if things go wrong.

buyers and sellers. You can find information about independent information and guidance for home the risks and how they can impact you and get useful tips on how to avoid some of the major Settled.govt.nz provides comprehensive potential problems.

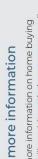
when you're moving in or out. You'll find valuable information, checklists, quizzes, videos and tools. settled.govt.nz explains what you need to know. From understanding LIMs, to sale and purchase thinking of buying or selling right through to Settled.govt.nz will help to inform and guide you through the process from when you're agreements, to when to contact a lawyer

Settled.govt.nz is brought to you by the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA)

## For more information

info@settled.govt.nz

THE PROPERTY SPECIALISTS







## About the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA)

REA is the independent government agency that regulates the New Zealand real estate profession.

and selling real estate and to promote public confidence in the performance Our purpose is to promote and protect the interests of consumers buying of real estate agency work.

#### What we do

Our job is to promote a high standard of conduct in the real estate profession and protect buyers and sellers of property from harm.

who are buying and selling property through our We provide independent information for people settled.govt.nz website.  We provide guidance for real estate professionals and oversee a complaints process.

We license people and companies working in the real estate industry.

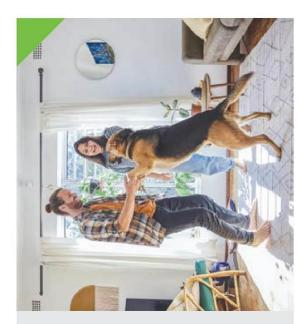
- We maintain a Code of Conduct setting out the professional standards real estate professionals must follow.
- professionals that includes information about We maintain a public register of real estate disciplinary action taken in the last 3 years.

established under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. The Real Estate Agents Authority is a Crown agent, The Real Estate Authority is the operating name of the Real Estate Agents Authority.

#### information For more

call us on 0800 367 7322 To find out more about REA, visit rea.govt.nz, info@rea.govt.nz or email us at





New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

Approved under section 133 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. Effective from 14 October 2022.

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