CLIENT & CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Sale & Purchase Agreement Details

t / Vendor: Eighty Eight Investments Limited			
omer / Purchaser:			
erty Address: 15b Inglis Street, Mosgiel			
see: Shane Robinson and Julie Robinson			
ensee Declaration			
tensee in relation to the above property sale ("the transaction"), firm pursuant to Section 136 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, neither I nor any person related to myself as licensee benefit financially from the transaction.	Signed by the Licensee or authorised person Date /		
ent/Customer Acknowledgements			
Client & Customer, prior to signing the agreement for sale and purchase ing to the property, acknowledge that the Agent:		Customer (Purchaser)	Client (Vendor)
recommends that we seek legal advice and that a reasonable opportunity to obtain legal advice has been allowed by the Agent;		×	×
recommends that we may need to, seek technical or other advice and information and that a reasonable opportunity to obtain this advice/information was provided;		×	×
has provided us with a copy of the approved guide (attached) relating to sale and purchase agreements published by the Real Estate Authority.		×	×
has made us aware of the Agent's in-house complaints and dispute resolution procedures (attached) and that a copy of this has been made available.	ole to us;	×	×
has made us aware that we may access the Real Estate Authority's complaints process without first using the Agent's in-house procedures and that any use of the in-house procedures does not preclude the making of a complaint to the Real Estate Authority;	f	×	×
For Overseas Investment Act consent purposes is the Customer (Purchaser): • a New Zealand, Australian or Singaporean citizen or • a NZ residency visa holder; or		***************************************	
 an Australian or Singaporean permanent resident who has lived in NZ for at least 183 days in the last 12 months and is a NZ tax resident? 		Yes No	if 'No', OIA consent required
Additional Acknowledgements:			
Currently the Certificate of Title and the Code of Compliance Certificate for 15 refer to the Further Terms of Sale page of the Sales and Purchase Agreement.	b Inglis Street M	osgiel have not b	een issued. Please
The property is located in the Taieri Plain Flood Zone. Further information can	be found on the	DCC website ww	vw.dunedin.govt.nz
x x			
Vm Vm			
★② Signed by the Customer/Purchaser Signed by the Clien	t/Vendor		



COMPLAINTS & DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE

Pursuant to Rule 12 of the Real Estate Agents Act (Professional Conduct and Client Care Rules) 2012, all licensed Real Estate Agents are required to have a written in-house complaints and dispute resolution procedure. That procedure is set out below.

You do not have to use our complaints and resolution procedure. You may make a complaint directly to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time. You can make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority even if you choose to also use our procedures.

Our complaints and dispute resolution procedures are designed to provide a simple and personalized process for resolving any complaint you might have about the service you have received from our agency.

Call or email the Manager: Step 1:

> Stephen Johnston Office: 03 474 0526

Email: stephen.johnston@oatps.nz

Tell the Manager who you are complaining about and what your concerns are. Let the Manager know what you would like done about your complaint.

The Manager may ask you to put your complaint in writing so that he or she can investigate it.

The Manager will need a brief period of time to talk to the team members involved.

We promise to come back to you within 10 working days with a response to your complaint.

That response may be in writing.

As part of that response we might ask you to meet with members of our team to discuss the complaint and try and agree a resolution.

If we are unable to come to an agreed resolution after a meeting, or if you don't wish to meet with us, then we will provide you with a written proposal to resolve your complaint.

Step 4: If you do not accept our proposal please try and advise us in writing within 5 working days. You can, of course, suggest another way of resolving your complaint.

If we accept your preferred resolution we will attempt to implement that resolution as soon as possible. Step 5: If we decline your preferred resolution we may invite you to mediate the dispute.

If we agree to mediate the complaint but don't settle the complaint at mediation, or we do not agree to mediate the dispute then that will be the end of our process.

Remember

You can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority in the first instance and even if you use these procedures you can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time.

> The Real Estate Authority C/- P O Box 25-371, Wellington 6146, New Zealand Phone 0800 367 7322







This guide tells you...

what a sale and purchase agreement is

what's in a sale and purchase agreement

what happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement

what happens if you have a problem

where to go for more information

Where to go for more information

Agency Agreement Guide is also available on settled.govt.nz. The guide tells you more about This guide is available in other languages. You can find translated copies of this guide the agreement you sign with the agency The New Zealand Residential Property on rea.govt.nz and settled.govt.nz. helping to sell your property.

We welcome any feedback you have on this publication.

when published. However, the requirements any time. Up-to-date information is available this information is based on can change at The information in this guide was accurate

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide



property? Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide New Zealand Residential Property Buying or sellin your

What's in a sale and purchase agreement

Your sale and purchase agreement should include he following things.

Basic details of the sale

The sale and purchase agreement includes general

General obligations and conditions

you have to comply with

obligations and conditions that you will need to

comply with. For example, these may include:

access rights – what access the buyer can have to

insurance – to make sure the property remains

inspect the property before settlement day

insured until the settlement date and outline

what will happen if any damage occurs before

settlement day

might mean the sale and purchase agreement Different sale methods like tender or auction can look different, but all sale and purchase agreements should contain:

 the names of the people buying and selling the property

> If your real estate professional or anyone related to them wants to buy your property, they must also give you a valuation of your property by an

must treat the buyer fairly

get your written consent to do this. They must

is being used, you should always get legal advice Even if a standard sale and purchase agreement before you sign the agreement and throughout

You need to read and understand the sale and

purchase agreement before you sign it. agreement to buy or sell a property.

party involved in buying or selling a property. binding contract between you and the other

You must sign a written sale and purchase

A sale and purchase agreement is a legally

available in English. You may need assistance

 The sale and purchase agreement is only independent registered valuer.

interpreting it if English is not your primary

unconditional once all the conditions are met. working for the seller of the property, but they

A sale and purchase agreement becomes

Key things to know about sale

and purchase agreements

In most cases, the real estate professional is

- the address of the property
- the type of title, for example, freehold or leasehold
- the price
- any deposit the buyer must pay
- any chattels being sold with the property, for example, whiteware or curtains
- any specific conditions you or the other party want fulfilled
- how many working days you have to fulfil your conditions (if there are any conditions)
- the rest of the amount for the property, which the rate of interest the buyer must pay on any the settlement date (the date the buyer pays is usually also the day they can move in)

overdue payments (such as being late on paying

the deposit or the remaining amount at the

settlement date)

compensate the seller if they don't settle on time default by the buyer – the buyer may have to default by the seller – the seller may have to for example, with interest payments

compensate the buyer if they don't settle on time,

people who have migrated to New Zealand may or may need to get consent from the Overseas not be permitted to immediately buy property for example, by paying accommodation costs eligibility to buy property in New Zealand –

our lawyer will explain these clauses to you.

What a sale and purchase agreement is

advice on what the sale and purchase agreement

should say

Your lawyer plays an important role in providing

conditions in a sale and purchase agreement. what to do if there are special circumstances.

You can negotiate some of the terms and

the buying and selling process.

You can include additional clauses, such as

A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved being sold with the property, whether the buyer in buying or selling a property. It sets out all the includes things such as the price, any chattels details, terms and conditions of the sale. This

needs to sell another property first or needs a property inspection and the settlement date

A sale and purchase agreement provides certainty to both the buyer and the seller about what will happen when.



New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

Check..

conditions the buyer and seller might need limited information about the property. It pays to allow for this when deciding what mortgagee sale or deceased estate, can agreement with a lawyer before signing. Buying or selling a property where the mean the real estate professional has Always check your sale and purchase owner isn't able to participate, like a

Remember...

agreement, whether you're the buyer or the seller, the real estate professional must give ask you to confirm in writing that you've you a copy of this guide. They must also Before you sign a sale and purchase received it.

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

Specific conditions a buyer may include

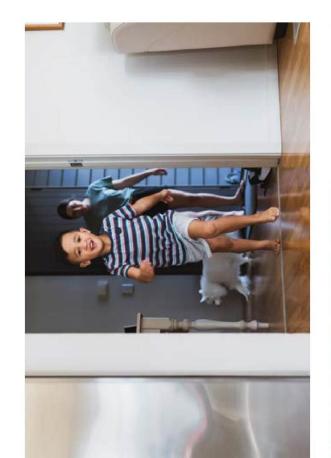
be fulfilled. Some buyers will include one or more which means there are no specific conditions to Some buyers will present an unconditional offer, conditions (that must be fulfilled by a specified date) in their offer such as:

- and to see if there are any other interests over the to check who the legal owner of the property is title search – this is done by the buyer's lawyer property such as caveats or easements
- to obtain a valuation of the property (an estimate valuation report – a bank may require the buyer payment, often requiring bank approval for a finance – this refers to the buyer arranging mortgage or loan
 - of the property's worth on the current market) before they agree to a loan
- Land Information Memorandum (LIM) provided information about the property such as rates, planning and other important information building permits and consents, drainage by the local council, this report provides
 - inspection provides an independent overview of the condition of the property rather than relying on an inspection that has been arranged by property inspection - a buyer paying for an

- above but more focused on the entire section engineer's or surveyor's report – similar to the and the structure of the property
- sale of another home the buyer may need to sell their own home in order to buy another

The real estate professional helps the buyer

discover hidden defects, they can't withhold estate professional works for the seller, they information and must tell the buyer about any known defects with the property. If a buyer needs time to check a property for also have to deal fairly and honestly with the buyer. While they're not expected to defects, including a property inspection and the seller to include the conditions they each want. Even though the real condition may be important.



New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

THE PROPERTY SPECIALISTS

the sale and purchase agreement What happens after you sign

Signing the sale and purchase agreement is not the end of the sale or purchase process

conditions until the agreement is Both parties work through the unconditional

purchase agreement has one or more conditions that must be met by a specified date and before A conditional agreement means the sale and the sale goes through.

trust account for 10 working days before it can be The buyer pays the deposit. Depending on what unconditional. If the deposit is made to the real estate agency, it must be held in their agency's buyer may pay the deposit when they sign the agreement or when the agreement becomes the sale and purchase agreement says, the released to the seller.

An agreement for sale and purchase commits you to buy or sell

seen met, you must complete the sale or purchase agreement and any conditions set out in it have Once you've signed the sale and purchase of the property.

periods can be lengthy if the property hasn't been The length of time between the conditions being another property. The real estate professional has met and the settlement date varies. Settlement includes conditions for one party to buy or sell obligations to keep you informed of important built yet or the sale and purchase agreement updates that come up during this time.

Pre-settlement inspection

they were when the sale and purchase agreement was signed and to check that the seller has met any conditions, for example, there is no damage property and chattels are in the same condition to walls or chattels haven't been removed from This is the chance for the buyer to check the the property.

It's important to raise any concerns you find at the allow enough time for an issue to be resolved. If it's the real estate professional as soon as possible to less than 24 hours before settlement, the vendor pre-settlement inspection with your lawyer and may not be obligated to set things right.

Payment of a commission

estate professional for their services. The real estate cannot ask the buyer to pay for their services if they deposit they're holding in their trust account. The cover the commission. The real estate professional seller should make sure the deposit is enough to Once the sale is complete, the seller pays the real agency usually takes the commission from the have been engaged by the seller

The buyer pays the rest

The buyer pays the remainder of the amount for the property on the day of settlement, usually through their lawyer.

Buying a tenanted property

sale and purchase should specify this. It may also contain a specific date for possession that may If the property is tenanted, the agreement for differ from the settlement date.

give the tenant notice to vacate in accordance with vacant possession', it is the seller's responsibility to If the buyer requires the property to be sold with the tenant's legal rights. It is recommended that you seek legal advice if you are buying a property that is currently tenanted.

What happens if you have a problem

their manager. All agencies must have in-house If something has gone wrong, first discuss your concern with the real estate professional or procedures for resolving complaints.

agency or you don't feel comfortable discussing If you can't resolve the issue with the real estate the real estate professional or agency to resolve professional. For example, we can help you and ways if your complaint is about the real estate it with them, you can contact the Real Estate Authority (REA). We can help in a number of

under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. When you contact us, we'll work with you to help you decide the issue and remind them of their obligations

Call us on **0800 367 7322**, email us at info@rea.govt.nz or visit us online at rea.govt.nz

the best thing to do.



About settled.govt.nz

Settled.govt.nz guides you through home buying and selling.

Buying or selling your home is one of the biggest and sometimes stressful process with potentially financial decisions you will make. It's a complex

buyers and sellers. You can find information about independent information and guidance for home the risks and how they can impact you and get significant emotional and financial impacts if useful tips on how to avoid some of the major Settled.govt.nz provides comprehensive things go wrong.

when you're moving in or out. You'll find valuable information, checklists, quizzes, videos and tools. settled.govt.nz explains what you need to know. From understanding LIMs, to sale and purchase thinking of buying or selling right through to Settled.govt.nz will help to inform and guide you through the process from when you're agreements, to when to contact a lawyer

Settled.govt.nz is brought to you by the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA)

For more information

and selling, visit settled.govt.nz or email For more information on home buying info@settled.govt.nz



Approved under section 133 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. Effective from 14 October 2022.

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

About the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA)

REA is the independent government agency that regulates the New Zealand real estate profession.

and selling real estate and to promote public confidence in the performance Our purpose is to promote and protect the interests of consumers buying of real estate agency work.

What we do

Our job is to promote a high standard of conduct in the real estate profession and protect buyers and sellers of property from harm.

- who are buying and selling property through our We provide independent information for people settled.govt.nz website.
- We provide guidance for real estate professionals and oversee a complaints process.
- We license people and companies working in the real estate industry.
- We maintain a Code of Conduct setting out the professional standards real estate professionals must follow.

professionals that includes information about We maintain a public register of real estate

established under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. The Real Estate Agents Authority is a Crown agent, The Real Estate Authority is the operating name of disciplinary action taken in the last 3 years. the Real Estate Agents Authority



call us on 0800 367 7322

info@rea.govt.nz

or email us at



THE PROPERTY SPECIALISTS